

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY

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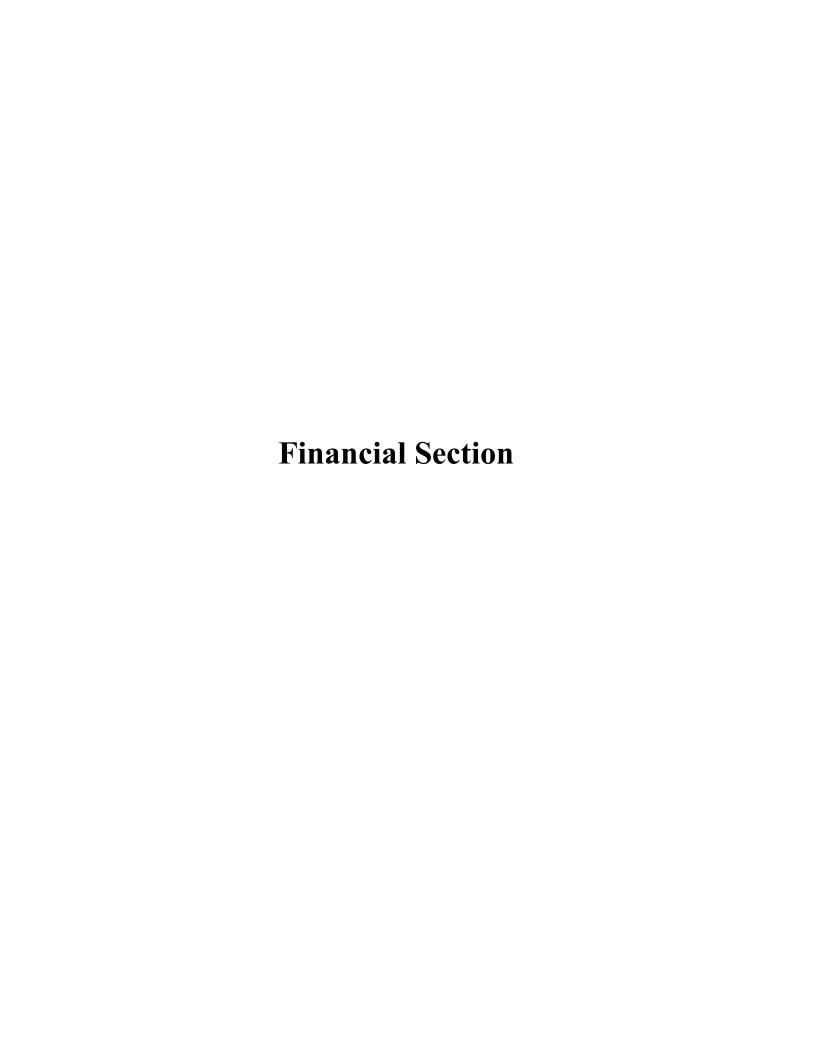
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Pinnacle Classical Academy Shelby, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pinnacle Classical Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management's for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,

misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4–11 and the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities (Asset) and the Schedule of Contributions on pages 43 through 48, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2022, on our consideration of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Darrell L. Keller, CPA, PA

Kings Mountain, North Carolina

Daniel 2 Kelle, (PA,PA

October 25, 2022

As management of Pinnacle Classical Academy, we offer readers of Pinnacle Classical Academy's audited financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Pinnacle Classical Academy for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented herein in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the School's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of Pinnacle Classical Academy were less than its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by (\$616,737) (net position).
- This negative net position is primarily due to pension and OPEB related items.
- The school's total net position increased by \$2,019,344.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Pinnacle Classical Academy's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,182,793.

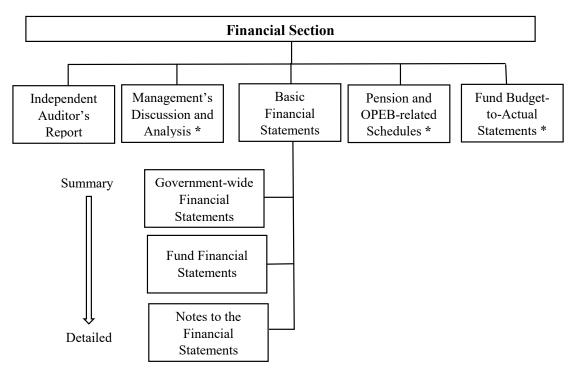
Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Pinnacle Classical Academy's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two distinct financial perspectives of the School through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, the annual financial report contains the independent auditor's report, certain required supplementary information and other required schedules that provide additional information to enhance the reader's understanding of the financial position and activities of Pinnacle Classical Academy.

The chart in Figure 1 outlines the relationships of the components of the annual financial report.

Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



^{*} Required Supplementary Information

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the School's financial standing.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual segments of the School's government. These statements are more detailed than the government-wide financial statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the proprietary funds statements.

Immediately following the fund financial statements are the **Notes to the Financial Statements** (i.e. "Notes"). The Notes offer a detailed explanation of the data contained in those statements. Next, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the School's funds. Budgetary information for the School also can be found in this section of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the School's finances, similar in format to the financial statements of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the School's financial status, as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the School's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the School's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the School's basic functions such as instructional services and business services. These functions are funded almost entirely through state, county, city, and federal educational funds. The business-type activities are those services that the School charges its students and other customers. The School has no business-type activities.

The condensed government-wide financial statements are enumerated in Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the School's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Pinnacle Classical Academy, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related statutory requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the School's budget ordinance, where and when applicable. All of the funds of Pinnacle Classical Academy are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the School's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and monies remaining at year-end that will be available for spending in the next fiscal year. Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the School's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation, that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The School adopts and annual budget for each of its funds, although it is not required to do so by the General Statutes. Because the budget is not legally required by the Statutes, the budgetary comparison statements are not included in the basic financial statements but are part of the supplemental statements and schedules that follow the notes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the faculty, management, and the Board of Directors of the School in determining what activities will be pursued and what services the School will provide during the year. It also authorizes the School to obtain funds from identified sources to finance current period activities. The budgetary statement provided demonstrates how well the School has complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the School has succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted.

Proprietary Funds – Pinnacle Classical Academy has no proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information essential to facilitating a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 17 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Financial analysis reveals that at June 30, 2022 cash and cash equivalents and other current assets accounted for 28.8% of total government-wide assets. Capital assets less accumulated depreciation accounted for 71.2% of total government-wide assets. Long-term liabilities represent 96.6% of total liabilities.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a school's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of Pinnacle Classical Academy were exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by (\$616,737) as of June 30, 2022. The School's net position increased by \$2,019,344 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. One of the largest portions \$2,244,528 reflects the School's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, instructional equipment, and vehicles) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Pinnacle Classical Academy uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Pinnacle Classical Academy's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of (\$2,870,725) is unrestricted.

A condensed statement of net position which summarizes the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Figure 2
Pinnacle Classical Academy
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Total				
•		2022		2021		2022		2021		
•										
Current and other assets	\$	5,751,058	\$	3,650,970	\$	5,751,058	\$	3,650,970		
Due from other governments		147,999		113,166		147,999		113,166		
Capital assets, net of depreciation		14,596,312		15,127,485		14,596,312		15,127,485		
Total Assets		20,495,369		18,891,621		20,495,369		18,891,621		
Deferred outflows of resources		3,723,481		4,389,821		3,723,481		4,389,821		
				_	· ·					
Other Liabilities		711,029		283,553		711,029		283,553		
Long-term Liabilities outstanding		20,480,052		22,442,568		20,480,052		22,442,568		
Total Liabilities		21,191,081		22,726,121		21,191,081		22,726,121		
Deferred inflows of resources		3,644,506		3,191,402		3,644,506		3,191,402		
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets		2,244,528		1,862,886		2,244,528		1,862,886		
Restricted		9,460		12,934		9,460		12,934		
Unrestricted		(2,870,725)		(4,511,901)		(2,870,725)		(4,511,901)		
Total net position	\$	(616,737)	\$	(2,636,081)	\$	(616,737)	\$	(2,636,081)		
•		-			_	-				

Several aspects of the School's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- The School adopted an annual budget. The School's performance was measured using this budget on a monthly basis, allowing changes to be made in spending as needed to remain within the confines of the budget.
- The School applied for and was awarded federal grants to assist with meeting the educational needs of the student population.
- The School received additional funding to deal with the COVID-19 Pandemic.

Revenues, expenses, transfers and the change in net position is summarized in the following condensed statement of activities for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Figure 3
Pinnacle Classical Academy
Condensed Statement of Activities

	Government	al Activities	Total				
	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Donations and Other Revenues Charges for Services	\$67,892	\$ 66,335	\$ 67,892	\$ 66,335			
County, State, and Federal Funds	11,057,623	9,696,123	11,057,623	9,696,123			
Total revenues	11,125,515	9,762,458	11,125,515	9,762,458			
Instructional Sevices	7,221,690	7,311,132	7,221,690	7,311,132			
System-wide support services Interest on long-term debt	1,427,246 457,235	1,291,515 474,455	1,427,246 457,235	1,291,515 474,455			
Total expenses	9,106,171	9,077,102	9,106,171	9,077,102			
Increase in net position before transfers	2,019,344	685,356	2,019,344	685,356			
Transfers	-	-	-	-			
Increase in net position:	2,019,344	685,356	2,019,344	685,356			
Net position, July 1	(2,636,081)	(3,321,437)	(2,636,081)	(3,321,437)			
Net position, June 30	\$ (616,737)	\$ (2,636,081)	\$ (616,737)	(2,636,081)			

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the School's net position by \$2,019,344 primarily due to increased COVID funding. County, State, and federal funds of \$10,901,683 increased by 12.4% and make up 98% of total revenues. Instructional service and related expenses of \$8,648,936 account for 95% and increased by .54%. This reflects the increased program and general revenues offset against increased costs of providing instructional services and the increase in interest on long-term debt.

Business-type activities. The School has no business type activities.

Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

As noted earlier, Pinnacle Classical Academy uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Pinnacle Classical Academy's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing Pinnacle Classical Academy's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Pinnacle Classical Academy. At the end of the current fiscal year, the assets in the General Fund consisted primarily of cash and cash equivalents which equaled 98.1% of total fund assets. Total unassigned fund balance was \$4,878,167 while total fund balance was \$5,182,793. The primary source, 88.8%, of General Fund revenue was \$1,824,361 in reimbursements from various counties for their students attending the school. Instructional and related services of \$304,728 and accounted for 100% of General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2022, the governmental funds of Pinnacle Classical reported a combined fund balance of \$5,182,793.

Proprietary Funds. The School has no proprietary funds.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Pinnacle Classical Academy's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022, totals \$14,596,312 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include leasehold improvements, instructional equipment, and vehicles.

The following schedule summarizes the School's capital assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Figure 4
Pinnacle Classical Academy
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Gover	nme	ental						
	Acti	vitie	·s	Total					
	2022 2021				2022		2021		
Land and CIP	\$ 551,700	\$	551,700	\$	551,700	\$	551,700		
Building/Leasehold Imp	13,921,335		14,409,999		13,921,335		14,409,999		
Modulars	54,577		70,144		54,577		70,144		
Equipment	 68,700		95,642		68,700		95,642		
Total	\$ 14,596,312	\$	15,127,485	\$	14,596,312	\$	15,127,485		

Additional information about the School's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2022, the Pinnacle Classical Academy had \$12,351,784 long-term debt outstanding.

Figure 5 Pinnacle Classical Academy Long-term Obligations

	Gover	nmer	ntal						
	Acti	vitie	S	Total					
	2022		2021		2022		2021		
\$	12,351,784	\$	12,523,510	\$	12,351,784	\$	12,523,510		
	-		741,089		-		741,089		
\$	12,351,784	\$	13,264,599	\$	12,351,784	\$	13,264,599		

USDA-Direct Borrowing Alliance Bk-Direct Borrowing Total long term obligations

Economic Factors

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the School:

- The School is located in the growing area of Shelby, North Carolina.
- The school has two campuses on 73 acres of land and possesses over 100,000 square feet of instructional space.
- On November 17, 2017 the USDA provided a 100%, 40-year loan for \$13,000,000 at an interest rate of 3.5%. The loan proceeds were used to pay off the construction loan. Loan proceeds and construction took place over the 2016 and 2017 fiscal years. Annual payments on the USDA loan are due on November 17 each year beginning November 2018.
- The school has also experienced a high level of growth over the past several years.
- In FY2021 the School completed construction on expanding the current K-2 campus. It added additional classrooms and became the K-3 campus.

Impact of Coronavirus on the School

Pinnacle Classical Academy continues to be committed to providing and working under the guidelines of safe, fact-based information in reference to COVID-19. This pandemic has placed insurmountable hardships on the school in regard to staffing, instruction, and financial as well as hardships for our stakeholders.

We have incorporated numerous strategies in order to provide a safe environment for our students and staff. We have extended the hours of our school nurse so that any individual exhibiting signs of any illness can be evaluated and sent home as needed. We are continuing to follow the CDC's current recommendations for monitoring and isolation/exclusion, as well as cleaning. Our cleaning and sanitizing schedules have been increased as well as the funding to purchase these items. We are funding an incredible amount of substitutes in order to cover teachers and staff absences.

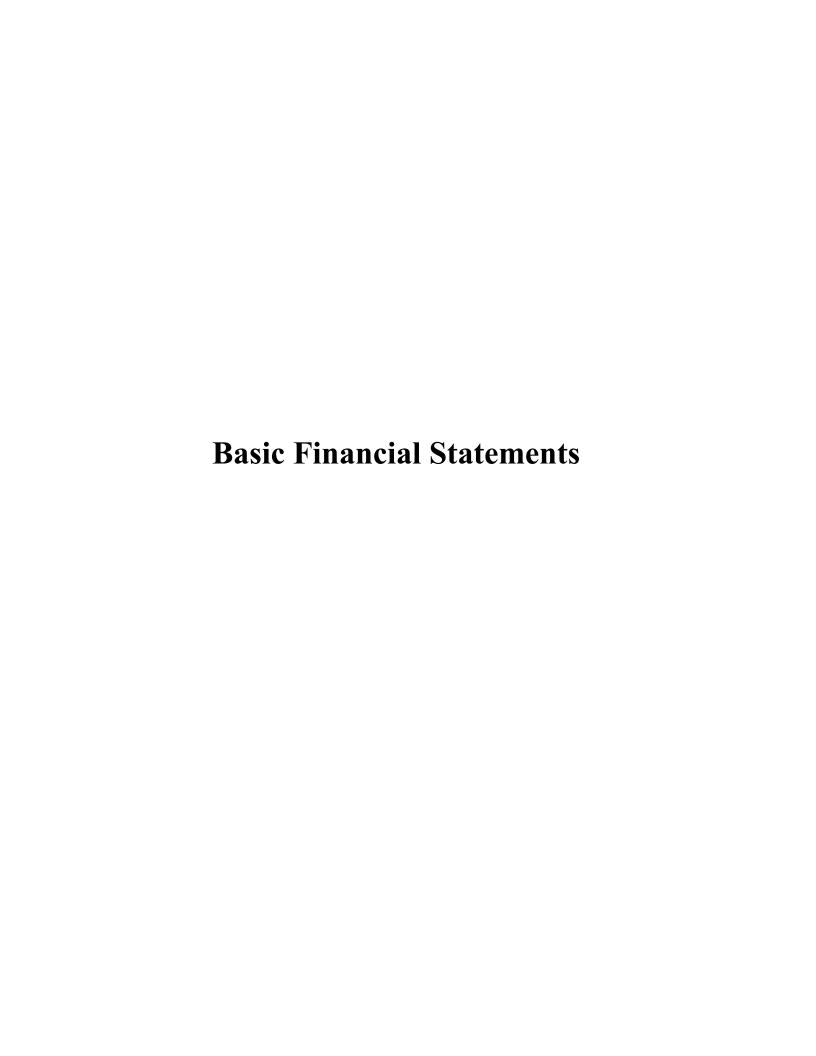
Academically, many studies are suggesting that the coronavirus will undo months of academic gains, leaving many students behind. Studies also suggest that in addition to a decline in student learning, a

mental health crisis is emerging as many students lost in-person access to services during the pandemic that are offered.

PCA has worked to continue to provide an outstanding education for our students in spite of current conditions. However, we have endured many hardships to make it happen.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the School's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Executive Director, Pinnacle Classical Academy, 2401 Joe's Lake Road, Shelby, North Carolina 28152.



Pinnacle Classical Academy Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		overnment
	Governmental Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,342,431	\$ 5,342,431
Restricted cash-debt service	244,716	244,716
Restricted cash-TSERS requirement	51,349	51,349
Restricted cash-Other	97,851	97,851
Receivables (net)	2,431	2,431
Due from other governments	147,999	147,999
Prepaid expenses	8,561	8,561
Net OPEB Asset	3,719	3,719
Capital assets (Note 1):	-,	2,
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	551,700	551,700
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	14,044,612	14,044,612
Total capital assets	14,596,312	14,596,312
Total assets	20,495,369	20,495,369
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
TSERS Pension related deferrals	1,115,050	1,115,050
RHBF OPEB related deferrals	2,594,716	2,594,716
DIPNC OPEB related deferrals	13,715	13,715
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,723,481	3,723,481
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	341,778	341,778
Unearned Revenue	97,851	97,851
Accrued interest	271,400	271,400
Long-term liabilities:	27.1,100	27 1,100
Net Pension Liability	1,176,269	1,176,269
Net OPEB Liability	6,951,999	6,951,999
Due within one year	176,434	176,434
Due in more than one year	12,175,350	12,175,350
Total liabilities	21,191,081	21,191,081
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
TSERS Pension related deferrals	1,589,586	1,589,586
RHBF OPEB related deferrals	2,045,430	2,045,430
DIPNC OPEB related deferrals	7,974	7,974
Unearned revenue	1,516	1,516
	3,644,506	3,644,506
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	2,244,528	2,244,528
Restricted net position	9,460	9,460
Unrestricted	(2,870,725)	(2,870,725)
Total net position	\$ (616,737)	\$ (616,737)

Pinnacle Classical Academy Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						am Revenues	S		Net (Expense) Rev Changes in Net	Position
Functions/Programs	Ī	Expenses		rges for rvices	-	ating Grants and ntributions	_	oital Grants and ntributions	Primary Governmental Activities	nment Total
Primary government:		•								
Governmental Activities: Instructional programs Support services	\$	7,221,690 1,427,246	\$	-	\$	5,537 62,355	\$	-	\$ (7,216,153) \$ (1,364,891)	(7,216,153) (1,364,891)
Interest expense		457,235		-		-		-	 (457,235)	(457,235)
Total governmental activities		9,106,171		-		67,892		<u>-</u>	(9,038,279)	(9,038,279)
	Un Un Un	eral revenues: restricted cour restricted Stat restricted Fede scellaneous, u	e approp eral appr	riations opriations					1,824,361 8,317,114 754,671 161,477	1,824,361 8,317,114 754,671 161,477
	Los	ss on sale of a							 -	-
					items,	and transfers			 11,057,623	11,057,623
	Net p	Change in ne osition-beginn	-	n					2,019,344 (2,636,081)	2,019,344 (2,636,081)
	Net p	osition-ending	1						\$ (616,737) \$	(616,737)

Pinnacle Classical Academy Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			N	Major Funds			N	on Major Funds		
		General		State Public	-	al Project	Fed	eral Grants Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS		General		3011001		unu		ruliu		ruiius
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,342,431	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,342,431
Restricted cash-debt service		244,716		-		-		-		244,716
Restricted cash-TSERS requirement Restricted cash - other		51,349 97,851		=		-		-		51,349 97,851
Accounts receivable		2,431		_		_		_		2,431
Due from other governments		102,323		-		-		45,676		147,999
Prepaid Expenses		8,561		-		-		-		8,561
Total assets	\$	5,849,662	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,849,662
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	296,102	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,676	\$	341,778
Unearned revenue		97,851		-		-		-		97,851
Accrued interest Total liabilities		271,400 665,353						45,676		271,400 711,029
								+3,070		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,516		=		-		=		1,516
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses		8,561		_		_		_		8,561
Restricted		0,001								0,00.
Reserved for Capital Project				-		-		-		
Reserved for Debt Service		244,716		-		-		=		244,716
Reserved for TSERS requirement Unassigned, General Fund		51,349 4,878,167		-		-		-		51,349 4,878,167
Total fund balances		5,182,793		-		-		-		5,182,793
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	5,849,662	\$	_	\$	_	\$	45,676	-	
	posi		1) a	or governmenta are different bed		es in the s	tateme	ent of net	-	3,719
				ed in governme erefore are not i				ancial		14,596,312
	De	eferred outflo	WS (of resources re	lated to	pensions				1,115,050
	De	eferred outflo	ws (of resources re	lated to	OPEBS				2,608,431
	Li	iabilities for e	arn	ed but unavaila	ıble rev	enues in fu	ınd sta	atements.		-
	n	ot due and pa	ayat	ncluding bonds ble in the curre nds (Note III B	nt perio					(12,351,784)
	Ν	et Pension Li	iabil	lity						(1,176,269)
	N	et OPEB Liab	oility	у						(6,951,999)
	D	eferred infow	s of	f resources rela	ated to p	pensions				(1,589,586)
				f resources rela		OPEB				(2,053,404)
	N	et position of	gov	vernmental act	ivities				\$	(616,737)

Pinnacle Classical Academy Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Major F	un	ds	N	on Major Funds	Total
		General	S	tate Public School	Fed	eral Grants Fund	ernmental Funds
REVENUES							
State of North Carolina	\$	-	\$	8,317,114	\$	-	\$ 8,317,114
Burke County		1,340		-		-	1,340
Cleveland County		1,737,349		-		-	1,737,349
Gaston County		61,799		-		-	61,799
Lincoln County		4,893		-		-	4,893
Rutherford County		18,980		-		-	18,980
Fines & Forfeitures		2,321		-		-	2,321
U.S. Government		5,537		-		754,671	760,208
Contributions and donations		27,105		-		-	27,105
Grants		35,250		-		-	35,250
Other		159,156		-		-	159,156
Total revenues		2,053,730		8,317,114		754,671	11,125,515
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Instructional services:		298,921		6,179,545		619,298	7,097,764
System-wide support services		5,807		747,334		88,437	841,578
Capital outlay:		-		20,185		45,676	65,861
Debt service:				_0,.00		.0,0.0	00,00
Principal		_		912,815		_	912,815
Interest and other charges		_		457,235		-	457,235
Total expenditures		304,728		8,317,114		753,411	9,375,253
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		,		-,- ,		,	
over expenditures		1,749,002		-		1,260	1,750,262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (out) in		-		-		-	-
Loan proceeds		-		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	-		-		-	-
Net change in fund balance		1,749,002		-		1,260	1,750,262
Fund balances-beginning		3,433,791		-		(1,260)	3,432,531
Fund balances-ending	\$	5,182,793	\$	-	\$	/	\$ 5,182,793

Pinnacle Classical Academy Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,750,262
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period	(531,173)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Amount of donated assets	-
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	584,862
Contributions to the OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	228,124
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	912,815
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Pension Expense OPEB Expense Book value of assets sold Other	(370,108) (555,438) -
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,019,344

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Pinnacle Classical Academy, North Carolina (School) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. Charter schools are established by non-profit entities, such as Pinnacle Classical Academy. Because of the authority of the State Board of Education (the "SBE") to terminate, not renew or seek applicants to assume a charter on grounds set out in the North Carolina General Statutes at G.S. 115C-218.95 with all net assets purchased with public funds reverting to a local education agency (G.S. 115C-218.100), the charter schools in North Carolina follow the governmental reporting model as used by local education agencies. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Pinnacle Classical Academy is a North Carolina non-profit corporation incorporated in November 2011. Pursuant to the provisions of the Charter School Act of 1996 as amended (the "Act"), Pinnacle Classical Academy has been approved to operate the Pinnacle Classical Academy, a public school serving approximately 1,070 students. The School operates under an approved charter received from the SBE, and applied for under the provisions of General Statute G.S. 115C-218.1. G.S. 115C-218.6(b)(1) states that a charter school shall be subject to the audit requirements adopted by the SBE, which includes the audit requirements established by G.S. 115C-447 of the School Budget and Fiscal Control Act (SBFCA), and requires the financial statements to be prepared in accordance with GAAP. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2023 and may be renewed for subsequent periods of ten (10) years unless one of the conditions in G.S. 115C-218.6(b) applies in which case the SBE may renew the charter for a shorter period or not renew the charter. Management believes the charter will be renewed in the ordinary course of business.

Pinnacle has been recognized by the Internal revenue Service as exempt from Federal income taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in section 501(c)(3).

B. Basis of Presentation

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements-and Management Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments</u> ("GASB 34"), Pinnacle Classical Academy is a special-purpose government that is engaged in governmental activities and is not a component unit of another government. Therefore, the financial statements are prepared in the same manner as general purpose governments.

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall entity. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the School. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the School and for each function of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the School's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for specific operating needs of the public school system and is reported as a special revenue fund.

The School has no enterprise fund.

The School reports the following non-major governmental fund:

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the federal government, which are passed through the Department of Public Instruction, used for specific operating needs of the public school system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within ninety days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the School funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the School's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

An annual budget is adopted on a unit-wide level rather than by individual funds. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The governing board has voluntarily established the policy, as a sound business practice, that expenditures may not exceed appropriations, for all of the School's funds, based on the adopted budget and subsequent amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget presented in these financial statements represents the budget of the School at June 30, 2022. All appropriations lapse at year end.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the School are made in a local bank, whose accounts are FDIC insured. Also, the School has established time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The School does not have a custodial risk policy.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. All cash and investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered cash and cash equivalents. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Capital Assets

The School's donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the School to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of three or more years. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. All depreciable assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	30
Furniture and Office Equipment	10
Electronic equipment	5
Equipment	5

5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The School has items that meet this criterion-contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and other pension related deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The School has two items that meet the criterion for this category-pension related deferrals and unearned revenue.

6. <u>Long-term obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

7. Compensated Absences

The policy of the School provides for eight days of personal leave for full-time employees. Employees may not carryover any days not used during the year and unused days are not paid out.

8. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position - Net position in the government-wide financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balance - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance-This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid rent on the school facility which is not a spendable resource.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>-This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>-portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of School's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of the specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>-portion of fund balance that Pinnacle Classical Academy intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of total fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the School Director to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$2,500.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Pinnacle Classical Academy has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Business Manager will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Business Manager has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the School.

9. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between governmental fund's total fund balance and governmental activities' net position as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The net adjustment of (\$5,799,530) represents the amount that the net position of governmental activities exceeds the total fund balances of governmental funds and consists of several elements as follows:

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column).	\$16,988,735
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,392,423)
Net OPEB Asset	3,719
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	1,115,050
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	2,608,731
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not reported in the fund statements:	
Notes, leases, and installment financing	(12,351,784)
Compensated absences	-
Accrued interest payable	- (1.17.5.5.5)
Net Pension Liability	(1,176,269)
Net OPEB Liability	(6,951,999)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,589,586)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs	(2,053,404)
Total adjustment	(\$5,799,230)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and OPEB Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of NC (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The School's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. Funding

Pinnacle Classical Academy is funded by the State Board of Education, receiving (i) an amount equal to the average per pupil allocation for the average daily membership (ADM) from the local school administrative unit allotments in which the school is located (i.e. Cleveland County Board of Education) for each child attending the School except for the allocation for children with special needs and (ii) an additional amount for each child attending the School who is a child with special needs [G.S. 115C-218.105(a)].

Subject to certain limitations, funds allocated by the SBE may be used to enter into operational and financing leases for real property or mobile classroom units for use as school facilities for charter schools and may be used for payments on loans made to charter schools for facilities, equipment, or operations. (G.S. 115C-218.105(b))

Additionally, Pinnacle Classical Academy receives for each student an amount equal to the per pupil share of the local current expense fund of the local school administrative unit in which the child resides. [G.S. 115C-218.105(c)]. Amounts transferred that consist of revenue from supplemental taxes shall be transferred only to a charter school located in the district where the taxes are levied and the child resides.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Pinnacle Classical Academy received funding from the Board of Education for Burke County (\$1,340), Cleveland County (\$1,737,349), Gaston County (\$61,799), Lincoln County (\$4,893), and Rutherford County (\$18,980).

Furthermore, Pinnacle Classical Academy has received donations of cash and/or equipment from private organizations. The cash has been used for the purchase of new equipment for the School's facilities.

2. Reconciliation between government-wide and fund statements

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance is followed by a reconciliation between the change in the fund balance of the governmental funds and the change in the net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities.

The net difference of \$269,082 between the two amounts represents the amount that the change in fund balances of government funds exceed the change in net position of governmental activities and consists of the following elements:

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets on the statement of activities.	\$65,861
Depreciation expense that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(597,034)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	584,862
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	228,124
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements but has not effect on the statement of activities, only the statement of net position.	-
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements.	912,815
Expenses reported on the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements.	
Pension Expense	(370,108)
OPEB Expense	(555,438)
Book Value of Assets Sold	-
Other	<u> </u>
Total	\$269,082

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Violation of State General Statutes</u>

None.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the School had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$5,735,947. The bank balance with the financial institutions was \$6,167,630 of which \$1,000,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The School had \$400 petty cash on hand at June 30, 2022.

2. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balances	Increases	De	creases		Balances
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land, Construction in Progress	\$ 551,700	\$ 	\$	-	\$	551,700
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	15,981,902	65,861		-		16,047,763
Leasehold Improvements	76,698	-		-		76,698
Modulars	155,876	-		-		155,876
Equipment	77,366	-		-		77,366
Electronic equipment	135,788	=		56,456		79,332
Total capital assets being depreciated	 16,427,630	65,861		56,456		16,437,035
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	1,629,424	551,972		-		2,181,396
Leasehold Improvements	19,177	2,554		-		21,731
Modulars	85,732	15,587		-		101,319
Equipment	5,526	11,052		-		16,578
Electronic equipment	 111,986	15,869		56,456		71,399
Total accumulated depreciation	1,851,845	\$ 597,034	\$	56,456	_	2,392,423
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	14,575,785					14,044,612
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 15,127,485				\$	14,596,312

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional programs	\$15,869
Supporting services	581,165
	\$597,034

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Teachers' and State Employees Retirement Plan

Plan Description. The School is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. School employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The School's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 14.78% of covered payroll from July through December and 17.98% from January through June, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the School were \$584,862 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Refunds of Contributions – School employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the School reported a liability of \$1,176,269 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 and at June 30, 2020, the School's proportion was .02512% and .02461%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School recognized pension expense of \$370,108. At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 66,120	\$	26,714	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	441,231		-	
pension plan investments	-		1,457,412	
Changes in proportion and differences between School				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	22,837		105,460	
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 584,862		-	
Total	\$ 1,115,050	\$	1,589,586	

\$584,862 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (222,124)
2024	(220,280)
2025	(446,983)
2026	(170,011)
2027	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (1,059,398)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.05 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation are based on the experience study prepared as of December 31, 2019 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 21, 2021.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
School's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,945,651	\$ 1,176,269	\$ (1,125,781)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established in Chapter 135, Article 1 of the General Statutes. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's ACFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare

retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state—supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the School contributed 6.68% of covered payroll from July through December and 5.90% from January through June which amounted to \$224,908.

At June 30, 2022, School reported a liability of \$6,951,999 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the School's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the School's proportion was 0.02249% and 0.02237%, respectively.

\$224,908 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:						
2023		(25,628)				
2024		(287,783)				
2025		(114,868)				
2026		183,651				
2027		(79,750)				
Thereafter		-				
	\$	(324,378)				

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases based on service	Teachers: 7.30% grading down to 3.25% Law Enforcement Officers:
	8.05% grading down to 3.25% General Employees: 6.25% grading
	down to 3.25%
Investment rate of return	6.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Medical	6.00% grading down to 5.00% by 2026 for non-MA and MA
	coverage
Prescription drug	9.50% grading down to 5.00% by 2030
Administrative costs	3.0%
Post-Retirement Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females,
	adjusted for Collar for some Participants, further adjusted with
	scaling factors varying before and after age 78, and projected for
	mortality improvement using Scale MP-2015

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF was 2.16% at June 30, 2021 compared to 2.21% at June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability and is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Net OPER liability	\$ 8 269 301	\$ 6 951 999	\$ 5 885 132

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

		Healthcare Trend	d Rates		
	1% Decrease (Medical -	(Medical -5.00-6	.50%,	1% increase (N	ledical -
	4.00-5.50%, Pharmacy -	Pharmacy - 5.00-	-9.50%,	6.00-7.50%, Ph	armacy -
	4.00-8.50%, Medicare	Medicare Advan	tage -	6.00-10.50%, M	1edicare
	Advantage - 4.00-5.50%,	5.00-6.50%,		Advantage - 6.0	00-7.50%,
	Administrative - 2.00%)	Administrative - 3	3.00%)	Administrative	- 4.00%)
					_
Net OPEB liability	\$ 5,629,947	\$	6,951,999	\$	8,705,823

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

2. <u>Disability Benefits</u>

Plan description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's ACFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provide the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

For employees who had five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one-twelfth of the annual longevity payment and local supplements to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled, but the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, the long-term benefit is calculated in the same manner as described above except the monthly benefit is reduced by an amount equal to a monthly primary Social Security disability benefit to which the participant or beneficiary might be entitled had Social Security disability benefits been awarded. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the TSERS, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System or the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program.

For employees who had less than five years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, and meet the requirements for long-term disability on or after August 1, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term benefit shall be reduced by an amount equal to the monthly primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the employee might be entitled should the employee become age 62 during the first 36 months. This reduction becomes effective as of the first day of the month following the month of initial entitlement to Social Security benefits. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, no further benefits are payable under the terms of this section unless the employee has been approved and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the State fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, employers made a statutory contribution of 0.09% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. School contributions to the plan were \$3,216 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit.

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, School reported an asset of \$3,719 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The School's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the School's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the School's proportion was 0.02277%.

\$3,216 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June	e 30	
2023	\$	945
2024		171
2025		665
2026		508
2027		(147)
Thereafter		383
	\$	2,525

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25%-8.05%, include 3.25 inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.00%, net of OPEB plan expense, including inflation

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% decrease		Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
	(2.00%)			(3.00%)		(4.00%)
Net OPEB DIPNC Asset	\$	3,915	\$	3,719	\$	3,476

Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation are based on the experience study prepared as of December 31, 2019 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 28, 2021.

DIPNC is primarily invested in the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2021. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined based on the combination of expected future real rates of return and expected inflation. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020 is 1.2%.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29%	1.4%
Global Equity	42%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8%	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7%	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	4.0%
Total	100%	

Total OPEB Expense, OPEB Liabilities (Assets), and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	RHBF	DIPNC	Total
OPEB Expense	\$ 548,748	\$ 6,690	\$ 555,438
OPEB Liability (Asset)	6,951,999	(3,719)	6,948,280
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.02249%	0.02277%	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	66,120	9,483	75,603
Changes of assumptions	441,231	653	441,884
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	-	363	363
Changes in proportion and differences between Board			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	22,837	-	22,837
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	584,862	3,216	588,078
Deferred of Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	26,714	-	26,714
Changes of assumptions	-	1,350	1,350
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	1,457,412	-	1,457,412
Changes in proportion and differences between Board			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	105,460	6,624	112,084

2. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

	 et Position	 eral Fund ce Sheet
TSERS pension related deferrals	\$ 1,589,586	\$ -
RHBF OPEB related deferrals	2,045,430	-
DIPNC OPEB related deferrals	7,974	-
Unearned Revenues - Grants	1,516	 1,516
	\$ 3,644,506	\$ 1,516

3. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School maintains general liability and errors and omissions insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence with a commercial carrier. The School does not have flood insurance.

As authorized by G.S. 115C-218.90(a)(4), The School also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the School are eligible to receive health care benefits The School pays \$647.86 for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan. The employee pays an additional amount of \$25 to \$110 depending on the plan chosen by the employee.

The School carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage, and claims have not exceeded coverage.

4. Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2022, the School was not involved in any legal proceedings.

5. Note Payable

a. Changes in Note Payable

During the 2015-16 year the School entered into a direct borrowing for \$935,000 to purchase the existing site the School operates from. The loan is payable \$5,828.11 per month including interest at 4.25%. Payments began February 10, 2015. On March 25, the loan was modified to be a seven-year loan with a fixed interest rate of 3.5% and the new monthly payment is \$10,300.61 including interest. The loan is secured by the underlying real estate. During the current year, the Board decided to pay off this loan in full and it has a zero balance at June 30, 2022.

In November of 2017 the School entered into a direct borrowing from the USDA to pay off a construction loan. The loan is payable in annual installments of \$608,790 including interest at 3.5% for 40 years. The school is also required to deposit $1/10^{th}$ of the annual installment into a restricted bank account until one annual payment is accumulated. The money will be released to the school when the loan is paid in full. The loan is secured by the underlying real estate.

The future direct borrowing debt payments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
June 30:			
2023	\$ 176,433	\$ 432,357	\$ 608,790
2024	182,609	426,181	608,790
2025	187,850	420,940	608,790
2026	195,575	413,215	608,790
2027	202,420	406,370	608,790
2028-2032	1,122,269	1,921,681	3,043,950
2033-2037	1,332,080	1,711,870	3,043,950
2038-2042	1,583,311	1,460,639	3,043,950
2043-2047	1,880,590	1,163,360	3,043,950
2048-2052	2,233,695	810,255	3,043,950
2053-2057	2,652,998	390,952	3,043,950
2058-2060	601,954	21,656	623,610
	\$ 12,351,784	\$ 9,579,476	\$ 21,931,260

b. Changes in General Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in the School's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance									
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2021		Increases		Decreases			une 30, 2022	Cu	rrent Portion
Alliance Bk-Direct Borr.	\$	741,089	\$	-		741,089	\$	-	\$	-
USDA-Direct Borrowing		12,523,510		-		171,726		12,351,784		176,434
Net Pension Liability		2,973,379		1,176,269		2,973,379		1,176,269		-
Net OPEB Liability		6,204,590		6,951,999		6,204,590		6,951,999		
Total	\$	22,442,568	\$	8,128,268	\$	10,090,784	\$	20,480,052	\$	176,434

C. Fund Balance

Pinnacle Classical Academy has a revenue spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-School funds, Pinnacle Classical Academy funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balances, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the School.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance	\$ 5,182,793
Less:	
Prepaid Items	8,561
Restricted for Construction/debt service	-
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2023 Budget	-
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 5,174,232

D. Restricted Cash

Restricted for TSERS requirement	\$ 51,349
Restricted for debt service	244,716
Unearned revenue	97,851
Total restricted cash	\$393,916

The school is required to deposit 1/10th of the annual USDA loan installment into a restricted bank account until one annual payment is accumulated. The money will be released to the school when the loan is paid in full.

In accordance with State legislation for as long as the School participates in the North Carolina Retirement System, the School is required to set aside a minimum of \$50,000 restricted for closure related expenses in the event of voluntary or involuntary closure of the School.

Restricted cash for unearned revenue relates to unspent funds restricted for clubs, boosterthon, and athletics.

E. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental
	Activities
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	\$ 14,596,312
Debt	(12,351,784)
Rounding	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,244,528

IV. Related Party Transactions

The Board Chair's brother is a licensed General Contractor that solely owns Clary Construction Concepts. The Board Chair has no interest in the company. He is contracted and supervised by the Administration with the support of the full board of directors' knowledge of the relationship. The total paid to his company for the year was \$85,624.23. His responsibilities and payments include contracting, managing and paying his sub-contractors via Clary Construction, purchasing and being reimbursed for materials, oversight of all grounds and sub-contractors for grounds, who utilize his equipment.

The School also paid \$10,945.26 to a company owned by the board vice-chair for printing services. The company also is a donor to the school and does printing at cost for the School.

V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The School has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VI. Impact of the Coronavirus on the School

The School has incorporated numerous strategies in order to provide a safe environment for the students and staff. The School has extended the hours of the school nurse so that any individual exhibiting signs of any illness can be evaluated and sent home as needed. The School is continuing to follow the CDC current recommendations for monitoring and isolation/exclusion, as well as cleaning. The cleaning and sanitizing schedules have been increased as well as the funding to purchase these items. The school is funding an incredible amount of substitutes in order to have students spaced six feet apart and as well as covering teacher and staff absences.

VII. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated by management through October 25, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

VIII. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Implemented

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the School adopted GASB 87, *Leases*. The objective of GASB 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The adoption of this statement had no impact on the School's financials.

Required Supplemental Financial Data

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of School Contributions to Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability for Retiree Health Benefit Fund
- Schedule of School Contributions to Retiree Health Benefit Fund
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset for Disability Income Plan of North Carolina
- Schedule of School Contributions to Disability Income Plan of North Carolina

Pinnacle Classical Academy

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Last Nine Fiscal Years*

School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	_	2022 0.02512%	 2021 0.02461%	 2020 0.02525%	 2019 0.02228%	 2018 0.01556%	_	2017 0.01199%	2016 0.00867%	 2015 0.00644%	_	2014 0.00000%	
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,176,269	\$ 2,973,379	\$ 2,617,657	\$ 2,218,217	\$ 1,234,599	\$	1,102,005	\$ 319,507	\$ 75,504	\$	-	
School's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,366,610	\$ 3,180,978	\$ 3,098,398	\$ 2,628,722	\$ 1,774,593	\$	1,307,853	\$ 1,012,623	\$ 767,897	\$	-	
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		34.94%	93.47%	84.48%	84.38%	69.57%		84.26%	31.55%	9.83%		0.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.86%	85.98%	87.56%	92.01%	89.51%		87.32%	94.64%	98.24%		90.60%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Pinnacle Classical Academy Schedule of School Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 584,862	\$ 497,585	\$ 412,573	\$ 380,793	\$ 283,376	\$ 177,104	\$ 119,669	\$ 92,655	\$ 66,730
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	584,862	497,585	412,573	380,793	283,376	177,104	119,669	92,655	66,730
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered-employee payroll	\$3,573,680	\$3,366,610	\$3,180,978	\$3,098,398	\$2,628,722	\$ 1,774,593	\$ 1,307,853	\$ 1,012,623	\$ 767,897
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.37%	14.78%	12.97%	12.29%	10.78%	9.98%	9.15%	9.15%	8.69%

Pinnacle Classical Academy

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY

Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Six Fiscal Years*

School's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	 2022 0.02249%	2021 0.02237%	2020 0.02304%	 2019 0.01962%	 2018 0.01403%	 2017 0.01053%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 6,951,999	\$ 6,204,590	\$ 7,290,280	\$ 5,590,430	\$ 4,599,680	\$ 4,579,289
School's covered payroll	\$ 3,366,610	\$ 3,180,978	\$ 3,098,398	\$ 2,628,722	\$ 1,774,593	\$ 1,307,853
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	206.50%	195.05%	235.29%	212.67%	259.20%	350.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	7.72%	6.92%	4.40%	4.40%	3.52%	2.41%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Pinnacle Classical Academy Schedule of School Contributions Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Six Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 224,908	\$ 224,890	\$ 205,809	\$ 194,270	\$ 159,038	\$ 103,237
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	224,908	224,890	205,809	194,270	159,038	103,237
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered payroll	\$ 3,573,680	\$ 3,366,610	\$ 3,180,978	\$ 3,098,398	\$ 2,628,722	\$ 1,774,593
Contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll	6.29%	6.68%	6.47%	6.27%	6.05%	5.82%

Pinnacle Classical Academy Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET

Disability Income Plan of North Carolina Last Six Fiscal Years*

School's proportion of the net OPEB asset	 2022 0.02277%	 2021 0.02222%	 2020 0.02300%	 2019 0.02052%	 2018 0.01433%	2017 0.01119%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 3,719	\$ 10,931	\$ 9,925	\$ 6,233	\$ 8,758	\$ 6,949
School's covered payroll	\$ 3,366,610	\$ 3,180,978	\$ 3,098,398	\$ 2,628,722	\$ 1,774,593	\$ 1,307,853
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.11%	0.34%	0.32%	0.24%	0.49%	0.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset	105.18%	115.57%	113.00%	116.47%	116.23%	116.06%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Pinnacle Classical Academy Schedule of School Contributions Disability Income Plan of North Carolina Last Six Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,216	\$ 3,030	\$ 3,181	\$ 4,338	\$ 3,680	\$ 6,744
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,216	3,030	3,181	4,338	3,680	6,744
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered payroll	\$ 3,573,680	\$ 3,366,610	\$ 3,180,978	\$ 3,098,398	\$ 2,628,722	\$ 1,774,593
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.09%	0.09%	0.10%	0.14%	0.14%	0.38%

Pinnacle Classical Academy, North Carolina All Fund Types

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		
			F	avorable
	Final		(Ur	nfavorable)
	 Budget	Actual	Ţ	Variance
Revenues:				
State of North Carolina	\$ 7,395,812	\$ 8,317,114	\$	921,302
Board(s) of Education:				
Burke County	-	1,340		1,340
Cleveland County	1,934,657	1,737,349		(197,308)
Gaston County	-	61,799		61,799
Lincoln County	-	4,893		4,893
Rutherford County	-	18,980		18,980
Fines and Forfeitures	-	2,321		2,321
U.S. Government	269,470	760,208		490,738
Donations	-	27,105		27,105
Grants	-	35,250		35,250
Others	 -	159,156		159,156
Total	 9,599,939	11,125,515		1,525,576
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular curricular services	-	4,492,296		4,492,296
Special populations services	-	467,183		467,183
Alternative programs and services	-	210,100		210,100
School leadership services	-	1,162,707		1,162,707
Co-curricular services	-	120,358		120,358
School-based support services	-	645,120		645,120
Total instructional programs	-	7,097,764		(7,097,764)
System-wide support services:				
Support and development services	-	-		-
Special population support and				
development services	<u>-</u>	3,879		3,879
Technology support services	_	143,168		(143,168)
Operational support services	_	562,888		(562,888)
Financial and human resource		302,000		(002,000)
services	_	64,339		(64,339)
Policy, leadership and public	-	04,000		(04,000)
relations services	_	67,304		(67,304)
Ancillary services	-	07,504		(07,304)
Andmary services	 			-

(continued)

(continued)

Pinnacle Classical Academy, North Carolina All Fund Types

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022	
	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Capital outlay	350,000	65,861	284,139
Debt service:			
Principal	-	912,815	-
Interest and other charges	-	457,235	-
Total debt service	687,790	1,370,050	(682,260)
Total expenditures	8,996,789	9,375,253	(378,464)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Loan Proceeds	-	-	-
Transfer in	-	-	
Transfer out	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and			
(uses)			-
Excess of revenue over			
expenditures	\$ 603,150	\$ 1,750,262	\$ 1,147,112



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Pinnacle Classical Academy Shelby, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Darrell L. Keller, CPA, PA Kings Mountain, North Carolina

Daniel 2 Keller, CPA,PA

October 25, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

To the Board of Directors Pinnacle Classical Academy Shelby, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of the report.

We are required to be independent of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the

Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the requirements of each major Federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Pinnacle
 Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Danell 2 Keller, (PA,PA)
Darrell L. Keller, CPA, PA

Kings Mountain, North Carolina

October 25, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

To the Board of Directors Pinnacle Classical Academy Shelby, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of the report.

We are required to be independent of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance

resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the requirements of each major State program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001. Our opinion on each major state program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Pinnacle Classical Academy, Shelby, North Carolina's response was no subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Darrell L. Keller, CPA, PA

Kings Mountain, North Carolina

Daniel 2 Kelle, CPA,PA

October 25, 2022

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

	port the auditor issued on whether the financial statement nce to GAAP: Unmodified	s audited were prepared	in
Internal co	ntrol over financial reporting:		
*	Material weaknesses(es) identified?	Yes	_X_No
*	Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes	X None Reported
Noncompli statemen	iance material to financial ts noted	Yes	_X_No
Federal Av	<u>vards</u>		
Internal co	ntrol over major Federal programs:		
*	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo
*	Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes	_X_None Reported
	ditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal progral programs.	grams: Unmodified for	
to be repo	rindings disclosed that are required orted in accordance with 00.516(a)?	Yes	_X_No
Identification	on of major Federal programs:		
<u>CFDA No.</u> 10.766	<u>Program Name</u> Community Facilities Loans and Grant-Direct Loan		
Dollar thre	shold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Pro	ograms <u>\$ 750,000</u>	
Auditee qu	alified as low risk auditee?	Yes	XNo
State Awa	<u>rds</u>		
Internal co	ntrol over major State programs:		
*	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X_No
*	Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	X Yes	None Reported
Type of au	ditor's report issued on compliance for major State progra	ıms: Unmodified	
to be repo	indings disclosed that are required orted in accordance with the State adit Implementation Act	_X_Yes	No
Identification	on of major State programs:		
<u> </u>	<u>Program Name</u>		
State	Public School Fund		

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Section II – Financial Statement Findings	
None reported.		
	Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
None reported		
	Section IV-State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	

2022-001 Significant Deficiency Non-compliance

Criteria: The School must ensure only teachers with EC licensure provide services for EC students.

Condition: During the testing of EC compliance for year ended June 30, 2022, we noted a teacher serving EC students who did not hold EC licensure.

Effect: EC students were potentially under served during the 21/22 school year.

Cause: Insufficient understanding of licensure requirements for staff serving EC students.

Questioned Cost: None. The individual was paid with local funds.

Recommendation: We recommend the school consult with the Exceptional Children Division of NC DPI to ensure clear understanding of licensure requirements for staff serving EC children.

Views/Planned Corrective Actions: The individual is no longer employed by the school. They will update policies so only EC licensed teachers are in the classrooms.



PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None reported

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

Section IV-State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2022-001 Non-Compliance. Significant Deficiency

Name of Contact Person: Dr. Shelly Bullard, Headmaster

Corrective Action: The School will update policies so only licensed EC teachers are in the classroom.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately with ongoing monitoring.

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDITING FINDINGS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

Finding: None

Status: N/A

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS JUNE 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	State/Pass- Through Grantor' Number		penditures
FEDERAL GRANTS:				
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:	84.010	PRC 050	\$	122,920
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)-				
Education of the Handicapped	84.027	PRC 060		105,703
Preschool Handicapped	84.173	PRC 049		8,543
Special Needs Targeted Assistance	84.027	PRC 118		2,766
Total Special Education Cluster				117,012
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.425	PRC 103		20,770
Education for Homeless Children	84.424	PRC 026		3,800
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425			
ESSER I CARES Act	01.120	PRC 164		41,773
GEER CARES Act Specialized Instructional Support for	or COVID-19	PRC 169		614
GEER CARES Act Supplemental Instructional Service		PRC 170		4,986
ESSER II CRRSA Supplemental K12 Emergency Relie	ef Fund	PRC 171		180,645
ESSER II CRRSA		PRC 173		7,538
ESSER III ARP		PRC 181		162,696
ESSER III Homeless		PRC 183		1,936
ESSER III ARP IDEA VI-B		PRC 185		41,258
ESSER III Teacher Bonus		PRC 186		3,879
ESSER III ARP Teacher Bonus		PRC 203		44,845
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund				490,170
Total U.S. Department of Education				754,672
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Direct Federal Assistance				
Community Facilities Loans and Grant-Direct Loan	10.766			12,351,784
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services				
ELC Re-Opening Schools COVID-19	93.323	PRC 350		5,537
TOTAL FEDERAL CASH ASSISTANCE			\$	13,111,993
State Grants-Cash Assistance				
N.C. Department of Public Instruction				
State Public School Fund		PRC 036		8,125,892
Summer Reading Program		PRC 016		23,896
Teacher Performance Bonuses		PRC 048		2,691
Feminine Hygiene		PRC 088		2,500
State Recovery Bonus TOTAL STATE ASSISTANCE		PRC 141		162,135 8,317,114
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE			ф.	
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE			Φ	21,429,107

PINNACLE CLASSICAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS JUNE 30, 2022

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the Federal and State grant activity of Pinnacle Classical Academy under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Mountain Community, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Pinnacle Classical Academy.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

Pinnacle Classical Academy has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Outstanding USDA Loan

Pinnacle Classical Academy had loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2022 for loans that the grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. Beginning in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 loans outstanding at the beginning of the year are included in the SEFSA.

Federal		Amount Outstanding	
AL No.	Program Title	7/1/2021	6/30/2022
10.766	Community Facilities Loans and Grants	\$12,523,510	\$12,351,784
		\$12,523,510	\$12,351,784